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Disclaimer: This document does not constitute legal advice and is intended for educational purposes only. Readers and users are solely responsible for determining, and complying with, all federal, state and local laws, ordinances and regulations.

Торіс	Summary
Coverage	 Large CAFOs (700 mature dairy cows) seeking coverage under an NPDES Permit must have a Nutrient Management Plan.¹ Unpermitted large CAFOs must have a Nutrient Management Plan and maintain the documentation on-site or at a nearby office.² According to West Virginia's Watershed Improvement Plan for the Chesapeake Bay, the West Virginia Department of Agricultural manages a voluntary Nutrient Management Program that incorporates soil sampling, soil and manure analysis, and plan writing at no cost to West Virginia agricultural producers.³
Content	 Nutrient Management Plans must: ⁴ Ensure adequate storage of manure and process wastewater. Ensure that clean water is diverted. Prevent direct contact of confined animals with the waters of West Virginia. Ensure that chemicals and other contaminants handled on-site are not disposed of in manure, process wastewater or stormwater. Identify appropriate site-specific conservation practices to be implemented. Identify protocols for appropriate testing of manure, process wastewater and soil. Establish protocols to land-apply manure and/or process wastewater in accordance with site-specific nutrient management practices. Identify specific records that will be maintained to document the implantation and management.
Frequency of Updates	There is not a reference to update frequency, but annual reports are required.
Paperwork	Records must be maintained for 5 years. Annual reports must be submitted to the Director. ⁵ Permits are made available for public review and comment.
Planner Qualifications	The annual report must contain a statement indicating whether the current version of the NMP was developed or approved by a certified nutrient management planner. ⁶

Nutrient Management Plans



Manure Storage and Application

Торіс	Summary
Storage	Structure The NMP includes a requirement for ensuring adequate storage of manure and process wastewater. Under the NPDES, the production area must be designed, constructed, operated, and maintained to contain all manure and process wastewater, including the runoff and the direct precipitation from a 25-year, 24-hour rainfall event. ⁷
Application	Spreading. The NMP must include land application rates calculated using the linear or narrative rate approaches. 8 Under the NPDES, manure and process wastewater may not be applied closer than 100 feet to any down-gradient surface waters, open tile line intake structures, sinkholes, and agricultural well heads or other conduits to surface waters. A 35-foot buffer or alternative conservation practice may be substituted. 9 Testing Head of the NPDES
	Under the NPDES, manure must be analyzed a minimum of once annually for nitrogen and phosphorus content and soil analyzed a minimum of once every five years for phosphorus content. ¹⁰ Soil samples are analyzed by the West Virginia Department of Agriculture's laboratory in Moorefield, with soil sampling performed every three years. ¹¹

Technical Assistance

Торіс	Summary	
Software Tools	<u>Manure Management Planner (MMP)</u> is a software tool created by Purdue University that includes state-specific information for West Virginia farmers to create manure management plans for crop and animal feeding operations.	
Guides / Handbooks	WV NRCS <u>nutrient management 590 standard</u> .	
Classes / Trainings	WV has a <u>voluntary certification program</u> available to individuals guiding farmers or others to manage manures or organic by-products.	
Tailored Expert Assistance	WVDA currently employs four full-time <u>Nutrient Management Specialists</u> who work with agricultural producers to provide them with NMPs.	



Financial Assistance

Summary

The WV Agricultural Enhancement Program (<u>AgEP</u>) offers financial incentives for producers to adopt BMPs, including cover crops, critical area planting, and heavy use protection areas. Producers interested in applying for cost-share funding should check with their Conservation District for eligible AgEP BMPs.

WV NRCS provides assistance through:

- Environmental Quality Incentives Program (<u>EQIP</u>) offers financial cost-share assistance to farmers for the adoption of conservation practices and development of nutrient management plans.
- Conservation Stewardship Program (<u>CSP</u>), which gives producers financial assistance to implement new conservation management practices and enhancements.

¹ <u>https://apps.sos.wv.gov/adlaw/csr/readfile.aspx?DocId=23653&Format=PDF</u>

² <u>https://apps.sos.wv.gov/adlaw/csr/readfile.aspx?DocId=23653&Format=PDF</u>

³ <u>https://www.wvca.us/bay/files/bay_documents/1298_WV_WIP3_final_082319.pdf</u>

⁴ <u>https://apps.sos.wv.gov/adlaw/csr/readfile.aspx?DocId=23653&Format=PDF</u>

⁵ <u>https://apps.sos.wv.gov/adlaw/csr/readfile.aspx?DocId=23653&Format=PDF</u>

⁶ https://apps.sos.wv.gov/adlaw/csr/readfile.aspx?DocId=23653&Format=PDF

⁷ <u>https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/40/412.31</u>

⁸ <u>https://apps.sos.wv.gov/adlaw/csr/readfile.aspx?DocId=23653&Format=PDF</u>

⁹ <u>https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/40/412.4</u>

¹⁰ <u>https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/40/412.4</u>

¹¹ https://www.wvca.us/bay/files/bay_documents/1298_WV_WIP3_final_082319.pdf