

# EVERYDAY BIOSECURITY STEP 3 - EVERYDAY BIOSECURITY PLAN TEMPLATE: DAIRY

Biosecurity actions are needed daily to help ensure animal health. This template can be used by any dairy operation to develop a daily biosecurity plan for their premises.

Check all boxes and keep all items that apply. Customize the plan by filling out this form with information specific to your operation.

Everyday Biosecurity is the first step to reaching the enhanced biosecurity that will be needed for a foreign animal disease (FAD) outbreak. An enhanced biosecurity plan describes additional actions to protect your animals from FADs. Enhanced biosecurity plan templates can be found here:

securemilksupply.org/milk-producers/biosecurity and nationaldairyfarm.com/farm-biosecurity.

#### SCOPE OF BIOSECURITY PLAN

Note: This plan will be reviewed at least once per year and updated as needed.

Facility Name

Facility Address (with City, State and Zip)

GPS Coordinates (latitude and longitude)

Premises ID Number (PIN)\*

Date Written/Reviewed

\*Work with your State Animal Health Official to request a free PIN for your farm/ranch.

CONTACT INFORMATION

Facility Owner Name

Phone	<u>Email</u>	
Facility Manager Name		
Phone	Email	
Veterinarian of Record Name		
Phone	Email	

## ANIMAL SPECIES AND BUSINESSES ON THE PREMISES

LIST SPECIES	NUMBER OF ANIMALS		
Dairy Cattle			
Other:			
Animal housing types:			
	her (Describe):		
Are there other businesses on the property?  If yes, describe:		Yes	No
Animals owned by operation and raised off site? If yes, a separate biosecurity plan exists.		Yes	No
BIOSECURITY PLANNING AND MANAGING In our plan below, all items have been put into action.			
Biosecurity Manager Name			
Phone	Email		
Where is contact information posted on the dairy?			
BIOSECURITY MANAGER RESPONSIBILITIES			
Ensures biosecurity actions are followed		Yes	No
Trains others on biosecurity expectations		Yes	No
Takes corrective actions if biosecurity is not followed. $\cdots$		Yes	No
Updates and revises the biosecurity plan		Yes	No
Puts the enhanced biosecurity plan in place during an FAD	outbreak. ····	Yes	No



# **BLOCK 1: ANIMAL HEALTH AND DISEASE MONITORING**

Animals have access to a clean, dry place to rest.	Yes	No
Sick animals can be isolated in a separate area.	Yes	No
Isolation area is located (Describe where):		
Animal caretakers work with the healthiest and youngest animals first, followed by older animals and sick animals last.	Yes	No
Feed is only purchased from reputable sources with a quality control program	Yes	No
If yes, the quality control program includes:		
Supplier verification so contamination of ingredients is controlled		
Preventive controls for ingredient receiving		
Controlling people access throughout the facility		
Steps to prevent feed contamination during manufacturing		
Transporting finished feed in clean, secure trailers		
Recording batch or lot numbers as required by the FDA		
Feed is only handled by equipment that is specific for feed handling.	Yes	No
If no, shared equipment is thoroughly cleaned and disinfected before using for feed handling	Yes	No
Feeding areas are cleaned by removing spilled or leftover feed at least:		
Twice daily		
Daily		
Weekly		
Other (Describe):		
If water becomes unfit to drink, other sources will be provided by (Describe; e.g. portable tanks, off-site clear	n water sou	rce, etc.):
Clean, quality water is available to all animals.	Yes	No
Waterers and the areas around them are regularly cleaned and debris removed at least:		
Twice daily		
Daily		
Weekly		
Other (Describe):		
Refrigerators are regularly monitored to ensure medications and vaccines are kept at 36-46 degrees Fahrenheit.	Yes	No
Multidose syringes are cleaned according to a written protocol	Yes	No
Animal health issues, including animals with unusual signs, those that do not respond to treatment or sudden deaths, are reported to:		

#### **BLOCK 2: ANIMAL MOVEMENTS AND CONTACT**

Rodents and flies are controlled by an integrated pest management program that i	includes (I	Mark all tha	at apply):					
List preventative measures intended to minimize bird nesting (Describe; e.g. screens, bird s	pikes, repai	iring holes ir	n barns, decoys, etc.)					
Dogs and cats are up to date on vaccines and parasite control	Yes	No	Not applicable					
These tests are based on recommendations from our Veterinarian of Record.								
If yes, add disease names and tests performed:								
Cattle from outside sources are tested for common diseases before mixing with the home herd.	Yes	No	Not applicable					
New and returning animals are separated (quarantined) from all other livestock for at least 21 days before contacting the rest of our herd.	Yes	No	Not applicable					
All animal movements on and off the premises are recorded	Yes	No	Not applicabl					
New animals are purchased only from herds with a verified health status	Yes	No	Not applicable					
Other (Describe):								
Ear notch								
Brand issued by brand inspection agency								
Official tattoo issued by recognized breed association								
Official ear tag with printed U.S. shield (e.g., silver tags, electronic radiofrequency tags (RFID), orange metal or RFID Bangs vaccination tags)								
Bangle ear tag								
The following methods are used to individually identify cattle (Mark all that apply)	•							

#### Cleanliness:

Containers that are rodent proof

Removing manure, waste and wet bedding from animal areas

Mowing grass and removing weeds

Removing deadstock and afterbirth

# **Biological actions:**

Cats (up to date on vaccines and parasite control)

Fly predators/parasites

## **Physical actions:**

Rodent traps

Fly traps, tape and lights

## Chemicals\*:

Rodent bait

Insecticides

\*Label directions are followed to avoid meat and milk residues, environmental damage, animal and human injury.

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BLOCK 3: ANIMAL PRODUCTS				
Semen comes from operations with equal or stricter biosecurity programs.	Yes	No	Not ap	plicable
Artificial insemination personnel wear clean clothing and footwear on our operation.	Yes	No	Not ap	plicable
Embryos come from operations with equal or stricter biosecurity programs.	No	Not ap	plicable	
Embryo transfer personnel wear clean clothing and footwear on our operation.	Yes	No	Not ap	plicable
Records are kept for all embryo movement on and off the dairy.	Yes	No	Not ap	plicable
Records are kept for all semen movement on and off the dairy.	Yes	No	Not ap	plicable
Colostrum and milk fed to calves is:				
From cows that are tested for diseases (List):				
Pasteurized				
Acidified				
Commercially produced				
Raw, untreated				
Not applicable				
Records are kept for all milk and colostrum movement on and off the dairy.	Not ap	plicable		
BLOCK 4: VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT				
Off-farm vehicles and equipment stay outside animal areas			Yes	No
Entry of dirty and high-risk vehicles, machinery and equipment is limited			Yes	No
The vehicle parking area is away from animals		Yes	No	
If yes, describe location of parking area:				
Dead animals are disposed of by (Mark all that apply):				
Burning				
Burial*				
Compost*				
Rendering**				

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Other (Describe):

Animal nousing and nolding areas are regularly cleaned to prevent manure buildup.	•••••	••••	res No
Young animals are prevented from contacting manure			
from older animals.	Yes	No	Not applicable

Landfill

 $<sup>^{**} \</sup>textit{Rendering trucks and other vehicles hauling dead animals to a common disposal site do not enter the operation or share drive paths with on-farm vehicles.}$ 

# **BLOCK 5: PERSONNEL**

Livestock contact is limited to people who follow our biosecurity steps.	Yes	No
Clean clothing is required to be worn when contacting animals.	Yes	No
Clean footwear is required to be worn when entering animal areas.	Yes	No
Clean hands are required when contacting animals.		
A handwashing station with running water, soap, and towels is available	Yes	No
Location of handwashing station:		
Gloves are provided. ·····	Yes	No
Hand wipes are provided.	Yes	No
Everyone contacting animals signs the entry log and describes their last known livestock contact (excluding employees).	Yes	No
People who have traveled internationally within the past five days are restricted from contacting cattle. Yes No	Not ap	plicable
People entering the dairy know how to:		
Contact the Biosecurity Manager(s)		
Follow biosecurity entry requirements		
Perform biosecurity measures specific to their job		
Additional biosecurity entry steps for this operation include (Describe additional steps; e.g., dedicated work clothes, designated washer/dryer on site, disposable boots/gloves, etc.):		
BLOCK 6: CLEANING AND DISINFECTION  Personnel are trained to properly clean items by removing visible organic matter,		
then washing, rinsing and drying	Yes	No
Items used on sick, new, young or animals with different health status are cleaned between uses.	Yes	No
Disinfectants are used according to the product label including:		
Storage (Describe where):		
Mixing		
Applying		
Contact time allowing to "sit" and work		
Rinsing		
Disinfectant products regularly used on items on the dairy (not including milk equipment sanitization)	include:	
Cleaning and disinfection safety measures followed include:		
Wearing recommended protective gear (rubber gloves, goggles, etc.)		
Keep run-off away from animal areas, drinking water, waterways, etc.		
Other (Describe):		



#### **BLOCK 7: LINE OF SEPARATION (LOS)**

There are designated entry points to the dairy.	Yes	No
Signs are posted at entry points with biosecurity actions	Yes	No
A labeled premises map is included in our biosecurity plan. ·····	Yes	No

The map includes the following labeled points:

Public roads

Private/shared roads

Chain link fence (existing)

Entrances/access points

Designated parking area

Milk house

Milk truck route to milk house

Carcass disposal/pickup location and removal pathways

Manure storage location

**Deliveries** 

Buildings that house animals

Shut off locations for water, gas, fuel and power

First aid kit

Fire extinguisher(s)

Compass indicating north

Refer to this operation's "Enhanced Biosecurity Plan" for more details about training, the line of separation, establishing a cleaning and disinfection station, pre-movement isolation period, a contingency plan for interrupted animal movement, protocols for animal loading/unloading, milk collection, milk disposal and wildlife/rodent/other animal control during a highly contagious foreign animal disease outbreak.

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This template was created to be edited and tailored for dairy facilities. In no way is this template endorsed by any parties above, including CFSPH, FARM, NMPF and USDA NADPRP.